MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET DeltaMight 2.5EC (Deltamethrin 2.5%EC)

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND SUPPLIER

Product name : Deltamethrin 2.5%EC
Chemical group : Synthetic pyrethroid

Recommended use : insecticide

Formulation : Emulsifiable concentrate

Manufacturer : Anglo Gulf Limited

Address: P.O. Box 16887, Jebel Ali, Dubai, U.A.E.

Tel : +9714 8835039 Fax : +9714 8835853

E: mail id : agadxbme@emirates.net.ae

Website : www.anglogulf.ae

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE (see Risk phrases below)

Combustible liquid. Contact with skin or eyes may be very painful. Dangerous to fish and bees.

Hazard designation Hazardous (National Occupational Health and Safety Commission - NOHSC)

Risk phrases R22 - Harmful if swallowed.

R41 - Risk of serious damage to eyes.

R65 - Harmful: May cause lung damage if swallowed.

Safety phrases See Sections 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 12, and 13

ADG classification Not a "Dangerous good" for transport by road or rail according to the Australian Code for the transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail.

SUSDP classification Schedule 6 (Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons)

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredients	CAS Number	Concentration (g/L)
Deltamethrin	52918-63-5	27.5
Hydrocarbon solvent	64742-94-5	811
Naphthalene (in hydrocarbon solvent)	91-20-3	24 - 49
Other ingredients (surfactants/emulsifiers) (no	n hazardous)	73

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If poisoning occurs, immediately contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre and follow the advice given. Show this Material Safety Data Sheet to the doctor.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove to fresh air and keep at rest. Loosen clothes. Obtain medical advice if at all worried. If breathing stops or shows signs of failing, start artificial respiration.

Skin contact Carefully remove contaminated clothing and footwear. Wash affected areas with soap and water. Apply Vitamin E cream, toilet milks or local anaesthetic creams to reduce pain. Seek medical advice if at all worried. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.

Eye contact Rinse eyes immediately with clean water for at least 15 minutes and obtain urgent medical aid.

Ingestion Wash out mouth with water. DO NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water. Do not give anything by mouth if the patient is semi-conscious or unconscious. Keep patient at rest and seek medical advice as above. Do not apply mouth to mouth resuscitation if the material has been ingested.

First Aid Facilities Ensure eyewash and safety shower facilities are available in the workplace.

Medical attention Symptoms

Local: Skin and eye paraesthesiae, which may be severe. Usually transient with resolution within 24 hours.

Systemic: Dizziness, headache, listlessness, nausea, anorexia and vomiting, epigastric pain, muscular fasciculation of limbs, anaesthesia or other CNS effects; also, upper respiratory tract irritation, pulmonary oedema, unconsciousness, convulsions, coma with very high doses/exposures.

Treatment

Local: Skin – apply Vitamin E cream or simple toilet milks.

Eyes - Instil local anaesthetic drops e.g. 1% amethocaine hydrochloride eye drops. Give analgesics as necessary.

Systemic: Monitor respiratory and cardiac functions. Observe electrocardiograph, and check for pulmonary oedema in event of inhalation.

Gastric lavage and charcoal administration. (Paraesthesiae of mouth, tongue, larynx and pharynx may be present.) As this product contains hydrocarbon solvents, care should be taken to prevent pulmonary aspiration. End tracheal intubation, and artificial respiration, as necessary. Anti-convulsant therapy with diazepam i.v.

No specific antidote.

Contraindications – adrenergic compounds, atropine.

Recovery should be spontaneous.

Must NOT be confused with organophosphorus (anticholinesterase) compounds.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Hazards from combustion products

Heating/combustion will generate oxides of carbon and nitrogen, bromine compounds and other irritant and toxic fumes.

Precautions for fire fighters

The product is a Class C1 Combustible liquid. Firefighters should wear full protective gear, including self-contained breathing apparatus (AS/NZS 1715/1716). Keep unnecessary people away. If it can be done safely, remove intact containers from the fire. Otherwise, use water spray to cool them. Avoid spraying directly into containers due to danger of boil over. Bund area with sand or earth to prevent contamination of drains or waterways. Dispose of fire control water or other extinguishing agent and spillage safely later. Do not release contaminated water into the environment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Avoid contact with the spilled material or contaminated surfaces. Extinguish or remove all possible sources of ignition. When dealing with spills do not eat, drink or smoke and wear protective clothing and equipment as described in Section

8 personal protection. Keep people and animals away. Prevent spilled material from entering drains or watercourses. Contain spill and absorb with earth, sand, clay, or other absorbent material. Collect and store in properly labeled, sealed drums for safe disposal. Deal with all spillages immediately. If contamination of drains, streams, watercourses, etc. is unavoidable, warn the local water authority.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling Keep out of reach of children. Will irritate the eyes and skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin.

Do not inhale vapour. If product in eyes washes it out immediately with water. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use, wash gloves, goggles and contaminated clothing.

Storage Store in the closed, original container in a cool, secure, well-ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Keep away from all ignition sources.

Flammability Combustible liquid, Class C1 - flashpoint above 34° C

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure standards Recommended Occupational Exposure Standard for Deltamethrin of 0.28 g/m³. The recommended Occupational Exposure Limits for solvents are as under:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy aromatic: TWA: 100 mg/m³ (17 ppm). For the naphthalene present in the solvent the NOHSC Occupational Exposure Limits are: TWA: 10 ppm (52 mg/m³, STEL: 15 ppm (79 mg/m³). Skin notation.

Definitions:

Exposure standard – Time Weighted Average (TWA) means the average airborne

concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

Exposure standard – Short term exposure limit (STEL) means a 15 minute TWA exposure which should not be exceeded at any time during the working day.

Skin notation – Absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure.

Engineering controls Control process conditions to avoid contact. Use in a well-ventilated area only.

Personal Protective Equipment

It is important to protect eyes and skin as contact with this product may cause severe pain.

- Wear face shield
- Wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist and a washable hat.
- _ Wear elbow-length PVC gloves.
- _ If working in a poorly ventilated area or if occupational exposure levels are likely to be exceeded, wear a respirator suitable for organic vapours AS/NZS 1715/1716 approved.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Clear yellow liquid

Odour : Distinctive aromatic hydrocarbon

pH : 4.5 to 7.0 (5% in water)

Vapour pressure : 0.3 kPa at 38 ° C (hydrocarbon solvent)

Vapour density :> 1.0 (hydrocarbon solvent)

Boiling point : N.A

Freezing/melting point : Not available

Solubility : Forms an emulsion in water

Specific Gravity : 0.912 at 20° C **Flash Point** : 41° C (Closed Cup)

Flammability (explosive) limits : LEL: 0.6; UEL: 7.0 Vol. % in air (hydrocarbon solvent)

Auto-ignition temperature : > 400° C

Partition coefficient (octane/water) : Deltamethrin: KowlogP = 4.6 (25° C)

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions of use.

Hazardous polymerization : Will not polymerize.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid sources of ignition and extreme heat.

Incompatible materials : Avoid oxidizing agents, strong acids and alkalis.

Hazardous decomposition products : Heating/combustion will generate oxides of carbon and nitrogen, and

Bromine compounds.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Inhalation: Inhalation of product vapour may cause transient irritation of mucous membranes (nose, throat and respiratory tract), may cause headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, could be anaesthetic, and may have other central nervous system effects lasting for up to 24 hours.

Skin contact: Irritating. Contact with the skin, especially the face, may result in initial stinging, burning or ingling sensations (fingertips, nose), followed by numbness or pain which may persist for up to 24 hours. (Although skin irritation tests in animals show Deltamethrin to be non-irritating, experience has shown it to cause these symptoms on human skin.) Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Eye contact May be severely irritating to the eyes.

Ingestion Symptoms include burning sensations and numbness in the mouth and throat, headache, dizziness, drowsiness, diarrhea, nausea, vomiting, listlessness, stomach pain, muscular twitching of arms or legs, unconsciousness, convulsions, and coma (very high doses). Small amounts of liquid aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or from vomiting may cause bronchopneumonia or pulmonary oedema.

ANIMAL TOXICITY DATA - PRODUCT

Acute: Oral toxicity: LD50 rat: 6480 mg/kg (similar product)Dermal toxicity: LD50 rabbit: > 2000 mg/kg (similar product)Inhalation toxicity: LC50 rat: > 11.3 mg/L (6 h) (similar product)Skin irritation: Slightly irritating (rabbit) (similar product)

Eye irritation : Irritating (rabbit) (similar product)

Sensitization : Non-sensitizing (guinea pig) (similar product)

Chronic: Deltamethrin is not mutagenic, carcinogenic or teratogenic. This product contains naphthalene. A National Toxicology Program (NTP) report states that lifetime inhalation exposure to naphthalene resulted in increases in tumours of the nose in rats. In a previous NTP study, lifetime inhalation exposure to naphthalene increased lung tumours in female mice. The relevance of the rodent findings to humans is questionable.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Deltamethrin is highly toxic to fish, aquatic organisms and bees in laboratory studies, but considered less toxic under natural conditions. DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with Deltamethrin 2.5EC or the used containers.

Ecotoxicity Deltamethrin:

Fish toxicity:

LC₅₀ (96 h) 0.001 - 0.01 mg/L

Bird toxicity:

Acute oral LD₅₀ for duck > 5000 mg/kg Acute oral LD₅₀ for quail > 10000 mg/kg

Environmental fate, persistence and degradability

Deltamethrin is not persistent in the environment. It is destroyed by soil micro-organisms and does not leave residues in the environment or build up in the food chain. The hydrocarbon solvent is volatile and will evaporate if released into water. It is biodegradable.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

When returnable container is empty or contents no longer required return it to the point of purchase. For non-returnable containers, triple or (preferably) pressure rinse them before disposal. Add rinsing to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on-site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush or puncture and bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. If no landfill is available, bury the containers below 500 mm in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Empty containers and product should not be burnt. Dispose of waste product through a reputable waste contractor.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN number : 2903

Proper shipping name : Pesticide, Liquid, Toxic, Flammable Nos (Deltamethrin and aromatic

hydrocarbon)

Class : 6.1
Packing Group : III
Marine Pollutant (P, PP, No) : P
Subsidiary risk : 3

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Registered according to the Agricultural and Veterinary Chemicals Act 1988 National Registration Authority approval number: 51849 see also Section 2.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Preparation information

Reasons for revision: Updated MSDS for solvent, 16 heading format, Medical Advice.

This MSDS summarises our best knowledge of the health and safety hazard information of the product and how to safely handle and use the product in the workplace. Each user should read this MSDS and consider the information in the context of how the product will be handled and used in the workplace including in conjunction with other products.

If clarification or further information is needed to ensure that an appropriate risk assessment can be made, the user should contact this company.

Our responsibility for products sold is subject to our standard terms and conditions, a copy of which is sent to our customers and is also available on request.

P.O. Box 16887, Jebel Ali Free Zone, Dubai, United Arab Emirates Tel: +971 4 883 50 39 Fax: +971 4 883 58 53

Website: www.anglogulf.com

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Registered Address: P.O. Box 3136, Tortola, British Virgin Islands